



COMMUNITY WATER FLUORIDATION

“ TOOTH DECAY IS ONE OF THE MOST COMMON CHRONIC DISEASES IN NORTH AMERICA AND WORLDWIDE (1-2).”

WHAT ARE FLUORIDE AND WATER FLUORIDATION?

Fluoride is a mineral that exists naturally in virtually all water sources and in trace quantities in food and soil (3). At low concentrations, fluoride in drinking water prevents dental cavities and improves oral health (3-5). Communities adjust the amount of fluoride in their community water supply to optimal levels that protect teeth from decay - this is referred to as community water fluoridation.

“ THE RATE OF TOOTH DECAY (IN PERMANENT TEETH) HAS DECLINED IN CANADA FROM 74% OF CHILDREN IN 1970-1972 TO LESS THAN 25% IN 2007-2009 AS A RESULT OF A VARIETY OF FACTORS, INCLUDING WIDESPREAD ADOPTION OF COMMUNITY WATER FLUORIDATION (1).”

Water fluoridation can reduce tooth decay in a community by providing frequent and consistent contact with low levels of fluoride (6-7). The recommended optimal level of fluoride in drinking water takes into consideration all sources of exposure to fluoride, including foods and dental products (8-9). It is well below the maximum acceptable concentration established by the Federal-Provincial-Territorial Committee on Drinking Water (3).

SAFETY

Utilities have been adjusting fluoride levels in Canadian drinking water supplies for 70 years (9). Decades of research and studies performed by reputable organizations have found that, in Canada, documented risks are limited to dental fluorosis (10-15). This condition is caused by exposure to too much fluoride during tooth development (i.e. under 6 years of age). The most common form of fluorosis is very mild and can change the appearance of tooth enamel, commonly resulting in small white spots on teeth (1;10-11). This is largely unnoticeable and not considered detrimental to the overall appearance or function of the teeth (1). For information on how to prevent dental fluorosis, please refer to Health Canada's webpage "It's your Health-Fluoride and Human Health" (<http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/hl-vs/iyh-vsv/environ/fluor-eng.php>).

EFFECTIVENESS

By preventing tooth decay, community water fluoridation has been shown to save money, both for families and for the health care system, and evidence continues to indicate that the economic benefit of community water fluoridation exceeds the costs (16; 20-22). Every \$1 invested in a prevention measure like community water fluoridation at the optimal level can yield between \$5.00 and \$93.00 of savings per person in dental treatment costs (16; 20-22).

“ DID YOU KNOW? DRINKING FLUORIDATED WATER KEEPS THE TEETH STRONG AND REDUCES TOOTH DECAY BY APPROXIMATELY 25% TO 30% IN CHILDREN AND ADULTS (4;16-19).”



EQUITY

Low income Canadians are almost twice as likely to suffer from poor oral health compared to high income Canadians (1). Water fluoridation is a cost-effective measure to narrow the gap when it comes to oral health and tooth decay (15; 23-24).

“ WATER FLUORIDATION IS A SAFE, EFFECTIVE, EQUITABLE AND COST-EFFECTIVE PUBLIC HEALTH MEASURE THAT SIGNIFICANTLY REDUCES THE RATE OF TOOTH DECAY IN ALL SEGMENTS OF THE POPULATION (2; 4; 7-9; 23; 26).”

NATIONAL & INTERNATIONAL SUPPORT

Over 90 national and international governments and health organizations, such as the World Health Organization (WHO), endorse the fluoridation of drinking water to prevent tooth decay (6).

As demonstrated by existing research, fluoridation remains a safe and effective means of achieving community-wide exposure to the cavity-preventive effects of fluoride. For more information and additional resources, visit our Oral Health web pages at: <http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca/hl-vs/oral-bucco/index-eng.php>. (or <http://www.healthycanadians.gc.ca/healthy-living-vie-saine/oral-health-sante-buccodentaire/index-eng.php>)

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